General Description:

A buzzer or beeper is an audio signaling device, which may be mechanical, electromechanical, or piezoelectric. Typical uses of buzzers and beepers include alarm devices, timers and confirmation of user input such as a mouse click or keystroke.

Buzzer is an integrated structure of electronic transducers, DC power supply, widely used in computers, printers, copiers, alarms, electronic toys, automotive electronic equipment, telephones, timers and other electronic products for sound devices. Active buzzer 5V Rated power can be directly connected to a continuous sound, this section dedicated sensor expansion module and the board in combination, can complete a simple circuit design, to "plug and play."
Specifications:
• On-board passive buzzer
• On-board 8550 triode drive
• Can control with single-chip microcontroller IO directly
• Working voltage: 5V
• Board size: 22 (mm) x 12 (mm)

Pin Configuration:
1. VCC
2. Input
3. Ground

Schematic Diagram:
How to test:

1. Connect your Arduino microcontroller to the computer.
2. Connect the VCC pin of your module to the to the 5V pin of your Arduino.
3. Connect the GND pin of your module to the GND pin of your Arduino.
4. Connect the Input pin of your module to the pin 13 of your Arduino.
5. Enter this program to your Arduino Integrated Development Environment (IDE):

   ```
   int buzzer = 13;
   void setup()
   {
     pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
   }
   
   void loop()
   {
     digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);
     delay(1000);
     digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);
     delay(1000);
   }
   ```

6. Lastly, click the Upload Button.

Testing Results:

The sample sketch above is a blink which is also applicable for LEDs. The output is the turning on and off of the buzzer every other second. The picture below shows the setup of your module and Arduino: